



Material Safety Data Sheet Cover-Sheet – This page provides additional New Zealand specific information for this product and must be read in conjunction with the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) attached

Product Name: AFFINIS PRECIOUS light body / PRECIOUS regular body

Manufacturer: Dent4You AG

SDS Expiry: 9 September 2029

Supplier Details: Henry Schein New Zealand

243-249 Bush Road, Rosedale, Auckland, 0632 PO Box 101 140, North Shore, Auckland 0745

Ph. 0800 808 855

www.henryschein.co.nz

Emergency Contacts: Poisons/Hazardous Chemical Info Centre –

0800POISON/0800764766 (24 Hours) Phone 111 for Fire, Ambulance or Police

HSNO Class/Category: 9

HSNO Group Standard: Dental Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020

HSR002558

Statements/Pictograms: As per attached Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared: This coversheet was prepared – October 2024

This SDS coversheet has been produced by Henry Schein NZ and has been prepared in accordance with NZ EPA advice on making overseas SDS compliant to HSNO Act. The above information is based on the present state of our knowledge of the product at the time of publication. It is given in good faith, no warranty is implied with respect to the quality or the specifications of the product. Users must satisfy that the product is entirely suitable for their purpose. The SDS and this coversheet may be revised from time to time, please ensure you have a current copy.





AFFINIS PRECIOUS light body / PRECIOUS regular body Dent4You AG

Version No: 1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Issue Date: **09/09/2024**Print Date: **09/09/2024**S.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	AFFINIS PRECIOUS light body / PRECIOUS regular body	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Medical device, for dental use only Use according to manufacturer's directions.
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Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Dent4You AG	
Address	Bahnhofstrasse 2 Heerbrugg 9435 Switzerland	
Telephone	+41 (0) 71 222 7171	
Fax	Not Available	
Website	Not Available	
Email	info@dent4you.ch	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)	
Emergency telephone numbers	+64 800 700 112	
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9573 3188	

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification [1] Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 3		
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	9.1C	

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
Signal word	Not Applicable

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Hazard statement(s)

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight] Name		
112945-52-5	1-5	silica amorphous	
68909-20-6*	1-5	silica amorphous	
128-37-0*	<0.2	2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol*	
27306-78-1	<2	heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	
14464-46-1*	15-25 cristobalite		
68909-20-6*	1-5	Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	
Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available			

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: • Wash out immediately with fresh running water. • Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. • Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

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Extinguishing media

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture				
Fire Incompatibility	None known.			
Advice for firefighters				
Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use. 			
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. silicon dioxide (SiO2) 			

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

May emit corrosive fumes.

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles. Trowel up/scrape up. Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealed container. Flush spill area with water.
Major Spills	 Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by all means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Consider evacuation (or protect in place). No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Increase ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain or absorb spill with sand, earth or vermiculite. Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling. Wash area and prevent runoff into drains. After clean up operations, decontaminate and launder all protective clothing and equipment before storing and re-using. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

•	Avoid all	personal	contact,	including	inhalation
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▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area.

Safe handling

- Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
- ▶ DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked.
- ▶ DO NOT allow material to contact humans, exposed food or food utensils.

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- ► Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
- ▶ When handling, **DO NOT** eat, drink or smoke.
- ▶ Keep containers securely sealed when not in use.
- Avoid physical damage to containers.
- Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.
- ▶ Work clothes should be laundered separately. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.
- ► Use good occupational work practice.
- ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.
- Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.

Other information

- ► Store in original containers.
- ► Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- ▶ Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 23 °C Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	Avoid strong acids, bases.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

INGREDIENT DATA						
Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Diatomaceous earth (not calcined)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica fused respirable dust	0.2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica- Amorphous, Precipitated silica	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Precipitated silica (Silica-Amorphous)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Silica fume respirable dust	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Respirable dust (not otherwise classified)	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	silica amorphous	Inhalable dust (not otherwise classified)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	2,6-di-tert-butyl- 4-methylphenol*	Butylated hydroxytoluene (2,6-Di-tert-butyl- p-cresol)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(dsen) - Dermal sensitiser
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	cristobalite	Silica-Crystalline (all forms) respirable dust	0.025 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	carcinogen category 1 - Known or presumed human carcinogen; α-quartz and cristobalite are confirmed carcinogens. Significant risk to workers will remain at WES-TWA exposures of 0.025mg/m3. The US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has estimated the lifetime silicosis mortality risk

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Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
						for workers exposed at this level for 8 hours per day at between 4 and 22 deaths per 1,000 workers and the lifetime lung cancer mortality risk for workers exposed at this level for 8 hours per day at between 3 and 23 deaths per 1,000 workers.
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	cristobalite	Respirable dust (not otherwise classified)	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	cristobalite	Inhalable dust (not otherwise classified)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	Silanamine, 1,1,1- trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	Respirable dust (not otherwise classified)	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	Silanamine, 1,1,1- trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	Inhalable dust (not otherwise classified)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
silica amorphous	18 mg/m3	200 mg/m3	1,200 mg/m3
silica amorphous	18 mg/m3	100 mg/m3	630 mg/m3
silica amorphous	120 mg/m3	1,300 mg/m3	7,900 mg/m3
silica amorphous	45 mg/m3	500 mg/m3	3,000 mg/m3
silica amorphous	18 mg/m3	740 mg/m3	4,500 mg/m3
cristobalite	0.075 mg/m3	33 mg/m3	200 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
silica amorphous	3,000 mg/m3	Not Available
silica amorphous	Not Available	Not Available
2,6-di-tert-butyl- 4-methylphenol*	Not Available	Not Available
heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	Not Available	Not Available
cristobalite	Not Available	Not Available
Silanamine, 1,1,1- trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	Not Available	Not Available

Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit				
heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	E	≤ 0.1 ppm				
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.					

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineerii	ng
contro	ls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard 'physically' away from the worker and ventilation

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that strategically 'adds' and 'removes' air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.

- Employees exposed to confirmed human carcinogens should be authorized to do so by the employer, and work in a regulated area
- Work should be undertaken in an isolated system such as a 'glove-box'. Employees should wash their hands and arms upon completion of the assigned task and before engaging in other activities not associated with the isolated system.
- Within regulated areas, the carcinogen should be stored in sealed containers, or enclosed in a closed system, including piping systems, with any sample ports or openings closed while the carcinogens are contained within.
- Open-vessel systems are prohibited.
- Each operation should be provided with continuous local exhaust ventilation so that air movement is always from ordinary work areas to the operation.
- Exhaust air should not be discharged to regulated areas, non-regulated areas or the external environment unless decontaminated. Clean make-up air should be introduced in sufficient volume to maintain correct operation of the local exhaust system.
- For maintenance and decontamination activities, authorized employees entering the area should be provided with and required to wear clean, impervious garments, including gloves, boots and continuous-air supplied hood. Prior to removing protective garments the employee should undergo decontamination and be required to shower upon removal of the garments and hood.
- Except for outdoor systems, regulated areas should be maintained under negative pressure (with respect to non-regulated areas).
- Local exhaust ventilation requires make-up air be supplied in equal volumes to replaced air.
- Laboratory hoods must be designed and maintained so as to draw air inward at an average linear face velocity of 0.76 m/sec with a minimum of 0.64 m/sec. Design and construction of the fume hood requires that insertion of any portion of the employees body, other than hands and arms, be disallowed.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment









Eye and face protection

- Safety glasses with side shields.
- ► Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59].

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

- ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- ► Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

Body protection

Skin protection

See Other protection below

Other protection

- Overalls.
- P.V.C apron.
- ► Barrier cream.
- ► Skin cleansing cream.
- ► Eve wash unit.

Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Coloured		
Physical state	Free-flowing Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available

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Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available
Heat of Combustion (kJ/g)	Not Available	Ignition Distance (cm)	Not Available
Flame Height (cm)	Not Available	Flame Duration (s)	Not Available
Enclosed Space Ignition Time Equivalent (s/m3)	Not Available	Enclosed Space Ignition Deflagration Density	Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Time Equivalent (s/m3)

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

(g/m3)

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

AFFINIS PRECIOUS light	TOXICITY	RRITATION			
body / PRECIOUS regular body	Not Available	N	ot Available		
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION			
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (rabbit): non-irritating ** [Grace]		
silica amorphous	Inhalation (Rat) LC50: >0.09<0.84 mg/l4h ^[1]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]			
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >1000 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin (rabbit): non-irritating *			
		Skin:	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
	TOXICITY		IRRITATION		
silica amorphous	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >5000 mg/kg *[2]		Eye (rabbit): non-irritating ** [Grace]		
	Inhalation (Rat) LC50: >0.139 mg/l/14h *[2]		Skin (rabbit): non-irritating *		

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	Oral (Rat) LD50: 3160 mg/kg ^[2]					
	Oral (Nat) EBBO. 0100 Highlig					
	TOXICITY	IRRIT	ATION			
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg *[2]	4h-mod	erate			
2,6-di-tert-butyl-	Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg *[2]	Eye: ı	no adverse effect	observe	ed (not irritating) ^[1]	
4-methylphenol*	Oral (Rat) LD50: 890 mg/kg ^[2]	/48h - m	nild			
	Oral (woman) TDLo: 80 mg/kg ^[2]	Skin (rabbit):500 mg/4	8h-mode	erate	
		red (not irritating) ^[1]				
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION				
heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	Inhalation (Rat) LC50: 2 mg/L4h ^[2]	Not Available				
cinoxylatea, propyr ciner	Oral (Rat) LD50: 4929.84 mg/kg ^[2]					
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	ATION			
cristobalite	Not Available	Not Available				
Silanamine, 1,1,1-	TOXICITY				IRRITATION	
trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis	Oral (Rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[2]				Not Available	
products with silica					1	
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Register Unless otherwise specified data extracted from		•			
				ı		
Acute Toxicity	×		arcinogenicity	X		
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	X	F	Reproductivity	×		
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Sir	ngle Exposure	×		
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repea	STOT - Repeated Exposure			
		Aspiration Hazard X				

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

Legend:

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

AFFINIS PRECIOUS light body / PRECIOUS regular body	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species Value		/alue		Source	
	Not Available	Not Available			Not Available	Not Available		Not Available		
		Endpoint	Test	Duration (hr)	Species			Value		Source
		EC50 72h			Algae or other aquatic plants		14.1mg/l			2

silica amorphous

Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	14.1mg/l	2
EC50	48h	Crustacea	>86mg/l	2
LC50	96h	Fish	1033.016mg/l	2
EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	217.576mg/l	2

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	EC0(ECx)	24h		Crustad	cea		>=10000m	g/l	1
silica amorphous	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value		Source	•
	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Avail	able	Not Ava	ailable
	Endpoint	Test	Duration (hr)	Speci	es		Value		Source
	BCF	1344h		Fish			220-280	0	7
	EC50	72h		Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		>0.42mg/l		1
2,6-di-tert-butyl-	ErC50	72h		Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		>0.42mg/l		1
4-methylphenol*	EC50	48h		Crusta	Crustacea		>0.17mg/l		2
	EC0(ECx)	48h		Crusta	Crustacea		>=0.31n	ng/l	1
	LC50	96h		Fish	Fish		0.199mg	g/l	2
	EC50 96h		Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		0.758ოდ	0.758mg/l 2		
heptamethyltrisiloxane,	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value		Source	
ethoxylated, propyl ether	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Available		Not Available	
cristobalite	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value		Source	.
	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available Not Available		able	e Not Available	
Silanamine, 1,1,1-	Endneint		Toot Duration (by)		Sussian	Value		Saura	
trimethyl-N-	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	value		Source	;

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Not Available

Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Not Available

Persistence and degradability

(trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis

products with silica

Legend:

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
silica amorphous	LOW	LOW
2,6-di-tert-butyl- 4-methylphenol*	HIGH	HIGH
heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	HIGH	HIGH

Not Available

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity

4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) -

Not Available

Not Available

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
silica amorphous	LOW (LogKOW = 0.5294)
2,6-di-tert-butyl- 4-methylphenol*	HIGH (BCF = 2500)
heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	HIGH (LogKOW = 5.2897)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
silica amorphous	LOW (Log KOC = 23.74)
2,6-di-tert-butyl- 4-methylphenol*	LOW (Log KOC = 23030)
heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	LOW (Log KOC = 736.1)

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SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Special country-specific regulations may apply. Can be disposed together with household waste in compliance with official regulations in contact with approved waste disposal companies and with authorities in charge. (Only dispose of completely emptied packages.)

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package. The package must be disposed according to the manufacturer's directions taking into account the material it is made of. Packages which hazardous content have been appropriately treated and removed may be recycled.

The hazardous substance must only be disposed if it has been treated by a method that changed the characteristics or composition of the substance and it is no longer hazardous.

Do not dispose to the environment any component, which may be biocumulative or not rapidly degradable.

Only discharge the substance to the environment if an environmental exposure limit has been set for the substance.

Only deposit the hazardous substance into or onto a landfill or sewage facility or incinerator, where the hazardous substance can be handled and treated appropriately.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
silica amorphous	Not Available
silica amorphous	Not Available
2,6-di-tert-butyl- 4-methylphenol*	Not Available
heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	Not Available
cristobalite	Not Available
Silanamine, 1,1,1- trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	Not Available

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
silica amorphous	Not Available
silica amorphous	Not Available
2,6-di-tert-butyl- 4-methylphenol*	Not Available
heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether	Not Available

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Product name	Ship Type
cristobalite	Not Available
Silanamine, 1,1,1- trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002521	Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020
HSR002530	Cleaning Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002535	Gases under Pressure Mixtures Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002503	Additives Process Chemicals and Raw Materials Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002606	Lubricants Lubricant Additives Coolants and Anti freeze Agents Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002612	Metal Industry Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002624	N.O.S. Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002638	Photographic Chemicals Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002644	Polymers Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002647	Reagent Kits Group Standard 2020
HSR002648	Refining Catalysts Group Standard 2020
HSR002653	Solvents Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002670	Surface Coatings and Colourants Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002684	Water Treatment Chemicals Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR100425	Pharmaceutical Active Ingredients Group Standard 2020
HSR002600	Leather and Textile Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002544	Construction Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002549	Corrosion Inhibitors Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002552	Cosmetic Products Group Standard 2020
HSR002558	Dental Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002565	Embalming Products Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002571	Fertilisers Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002573	Fire Fighting Chemicals Group Standard 2021
HSR002578	Food Additives and Fragrance Materials Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002585	Fuel Additives Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020
HSR002596	Laboratory Chemicals and Reagent Kits Group Standard 2020
HSR008053	Graphic Materials Group Standard 2020
HSR100580	Tattoo and Permanent Makeup Substances Group Standard 2020
HSR100757	Veterinary Medicines Limited Pack Size Finished Dose Group Standard 2020
HSR100758	Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Closed System Application Group Standard 2020
HSR100759	Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Open System Application Group Standard 2020
HSR100592	Agricultural Compounds Special Circumstances Group Standard 2020
HSR100756	Active Ingredients for Use in the Manufacture of Agricultural Compounds Group Standard 2020

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

silica amorphous is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

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New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

silica amorphous is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol* is found on the following regulatory lists

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - Schedule 1 Quantity limits for dangerous goods

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

cristobalite is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

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National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes	
Canada - DSL	Yes	
Canada - NDSL	No (silica amorphous; 2,6-di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol*; heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether; cristobalite; Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica)	
China - IECSC	Yes	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether)	
Japan - ENCS	No (silica amorphous; Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica)	
Korea - KECI	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Philippines - PICCS	Yes	
USA - TSCA	Yes	
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes	
Mexico - INSQ	No (silica amorphous; heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether; Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica)	
Vietnam - NCI	Yes	
Russia - FBEPH	No (silica amorphous; heptamethyltrisiloxane, ethoxylated, propyl ether; Silanamine, 1,1,1-trimethyl-N- (trimethylsilyl)-, hydrolysis products with silica)	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.	

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	09/09/2024
Initial Date	17/12/2021

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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